Government of Andhra Pradesh Forest Department

Rc.Nc.37114/83-U4. Dated:9.6.1983.

Office of the Dhief Conservator of Forests, Andhra Pradesh, Hyd

Sri A.K. Mathur, I.F.S. Chief Conservator of Forests

Circular No.11/83

Sub. Social Forestry programmes - Nurs ry Raising - Seedlings of Miscelleneous species raising of-Regarding.

Instructions were issued in this office Circular Lr. No. 15932/82-U2, dt: 27.3.82 (Circular No.5/82) that up to 20% of the seedlings to be raised in any nursery during a year should be of miscelleneous species of fruit, fodder and other minor Forest produce yielding v rieties to scrike a proper balance between Eucalyptus which is fast growing fuel-wo cd species and other species like Su-babul, Bsmboo, Jamu, Guava, or other flowering and fruit bearing rees. During my inspection of a large number of nurseries over the last 3-4 months, I have however noticed that adequate and timely steps have not been taken in the most of these nurseries spread over a large number of Divisions for raising se dlings of various miscelleneous species as per CCF's circular instructions. In most of the nurseries seeds of miscellaneous speicies we e sown only in March-April or even in May and most bags mean for raising seedlings for Miscellanacus spacies are therefore either empty or had very small sized seedlings at the time of inspection. In both the cases it is doubtful whether proper sized seedlings (about 40-45 cms tall) of these miscelleneous species would be available for distribution to the public during the next rains. Another dis ressing aspect noticed by me during these inspections is that there is hardly any control at Divisional Forest Officers level on the choice of the miscelleneous species to be raised or the percentage composition of the various miscelleneous species to be raised in each nurs ry for seedlings meant for distributio. In some nurseries I even noticed at that 50% of the total I believe such state of affairs could develop only if ever thing relating to nursery development is left to. Mostly to the local Foresers and Forest Guards and atmost to the Range Officers who depending upon their fancy and for ready availability of seedlings of miscelleneous species to the extent and in such proportion they liked without any control what-so-ever of the Divisional Forest Officers on such nursery development from time to time.

2. All Divisional Forest Officers, are therefore, requested to look into this aspect of nursery raising atleast from 1983 and as already instructed/issued clear written instructions to each Range Officer fixing percentage/targets for different/Miscelleneous species to be raised as bag plants in each of the nurseries under their control indicating species that should only be raised, for strict compliance by the concerned Range Officers. It is needless to say that steps should be taken at the Divisional Forest Officer/Rangers level at the appropriate time through out the year to collect the required quantity of seeds of various species which are to be raised as per the targets fixed for each nursery range-wise so that adequate

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quantities of seed of all the species proposed tobe raised and the extent required are available in each range in time. Generally seedlings of most miscellensous species are to be raised at 6 to 7 month old bag plants for which purpose seeds after pre-treatment as required are to be sown some time in December-January, and re-sowing of seed carried out within 3-4 weeks in all the bags where germination has not occured by them. It would be preferably to sow two seeds in each bag to begin with to get full stocking assuming that atleast one of the two seeds will germinate. The exceptic s to raiseing the seedlings 6-7 months earlier will be raising su-babul and Babul or such other very fast growing species which would attain a height of about 40 cms. aven wi him 2-3 mon hs of sowing. All such species should therefore be sown only some time late in April or early May to obtain seedlings of proper size July.

It is noticed that even with the best of efforts in raising bag plants of Bucalyptus, a small percentage of bags do not have established seedlings of Eucalyptus even after repeated pricking of seedlings is done in empty bags right int into April, as and when the empty bags are noticed white grading and some shifting Eucalyptus bag plants. Such empty bags could conveniently be sown with su-babul to, seed in late April-May to produce required number of seedlings of such fast growing species. There will thus be no necessary to keep a certain number of bags empty from the beginning of the nursery season for raising Su-babul etc. seedlings. Raising seedlings of miscelleno eous spacies as above will apply both for distribution and Departmental planting. Ubless and untill adequate attention is paid by the Divisional Forest Officers and action taken by them as indicated in theproceeding paragraphs at the appropriate time and watch kept on same regularly, it is likely that the sorry state of affairs notice in a very large number of nurseries this year. Regarding raising sections of miscellaneous species may continue to reoccur. The Divisional Forest Officers should take this as a warning and take all required action in this matter and see that this year poor performance not repeated failing which they will be held personally respondible from now failing which they will be held personally responsible from now and action taken as deemed necessary.

4. The receipt of the Circular letter may be acknowledged at once.

Addl chief Conservator of Forests

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